

## SSVVP™ SIP School VVoIP Professional Certification

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### Exam Objectives

The SSVVP™ exam is designed to test your skills and knowledge on the basics of Networking, Voice over IP and Video over IP. Everything that you need to cover in order to pass this test is covered in the [Networking 4 VVoIP](#) training program but if you decide to 'train' elsewhere then these are the topics that you should learn about in order to be prepared for the test.

Please note that if you go along an alternate training path it is possible that you may get a question that may not have been covered in that path. It's up to you!

- **NOTE:** Topics in **Blue** are new additions from November 2012

Topics:

### What is VVoIP?

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This is an introduction module that sets out the scope of the course and introduces the concepts of LANs and WANs.

### Networking Components

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This module is designed to introduce you to Data networks and how devices connect to them. It does this by describing the most commonly used topologies and cabling types in use today.

- Topologies
- What is a Protocol?
- UTP and STP Cables
- RJ-45 Connectors
- UTP Implementations
- Power over Ethernet and [POE Plus](#)
- Fiber Optics

### Ethernet

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Ethernet is the predominant force in networking today and this module introduces all of the concepts needed to understand this specification along with introducing basic network components like LAN cards and LAN switches.

- Ethernet and 802.3

- [Ethernet 'Types'](#)
- NIC Cards
- Hubs and Ethernet
- Collisions and CSMA/CD
- Repeaters
- Bridges
- LAN switches
- Routers
- Bandwidth

## **The OSI Model**

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The OSI Model was designed to break networking components and software into 'bite-size' interoperable chunks. This module explains the 7 layers of the OSI model and compares them to the real world implementation of the TCP/IP layered model.

- The Reasons for OSI
- The 7 Layers
- Role of the 'Application' layers
- Role of the 'Data' layers
- OSI v TCP/IP
- Physical Layer functions
- Datalink Layer functions and MAC addresses
- IEEE 802.2/3 Frame format
- Switches and the Datalink layer
- Network Layer Functions
- [IPv6 introduction](#)
- Transport Layer Functions
- Encapsulation / De-encapsulation

## **TCP/IP Networks**

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This module explains how TCP/IP networks work by describing the functionality of each TCP/IP layer. By understanding these layers you will understand how a TCP/IP network works which will give you a good understanding of how voice can be carried across an IP network.

- TCP/IP Protocol Stack
- Application Layer overview
- Transport Layer overview
- Ports and Sockets
- TCP/IP Internet Layer – Overview
- Address Resolution Protocol – ARP
- IP Datagrams

- ICMP

## WANS

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Wide Area Networks connect buildings, homes and people together. This module aims to explain what a WAN is and how they work along with explaining some WAN protocols such as PPP, ADSL, Frame Relay and the newly popular - MPLS

- What is a WAN?
- DTE/DCE [and DSU/CSU](#)
- Synchronous communications
- The Point to Point Protocol – PPP
- DSL
- ‘Local Loop’ unbundling
- ADSL @ Home
- ADSL Channels and Contention ratios
- [ADSL Developments](#)
- Fiber options
- [Finding an ISP](#)
- Frame Relay
- LAN Extension Services
- EPS9/EPS8
- [Cable](#) networks
- WAN Physical Layer implementations
- MPLS Introduction [and Benefits](#)
- [Metro Ethernet](#)
- [Virtual Private LAN service \(VPLS\)](#)
- [Virtual Private Networks \(VPNs\)](#)
- [VPNs for Business](#)

## TCP/IP Addresses

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IP Addresses, Subnet Masks, Default Gateways. It’s all here and delivered to you in a way so that you will understand what these numbers are for and how they work with each other.

- Analogies
- Binary and Hexadecimal
- The IP address
- IP Address Classes – A, B, C and more!
- Special IP addresses
  - 127.0.0.0 the ‘loopback’
  - [APIPA and the 169 network](#)
- TCP/IP addressing quizzes

- The Subnet mask
- IP Address and Subnet mask 'in combination'
- Sample IP networks
- Addressing without subnets
- Why subnet at all?
- How many Subnets do you need?
- Easy Subnetting

## DHCP

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This Module introduces the Dynamic Configuration protocol (DHCP) and describes what it is, how it works and how it works in a multi-network environment along with introducing some troubleshooting commands.

- Overview of DHCP
- Static or Dynamic addressing
- DHCP Discovery
- DHCP Offers
- Lease and Renewal Times
- Multiple DHCP Servers
- Relay Agents
- [DHCP 'Extra' Options](#)
- IPConfig utility
- Home setup 'example'

## Troubleshooting IP Networks

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Follow the tips in this module and you will be able to solve the majority of problems you will encounter on a Network.

- Troubleshooting Rules
- Layer 8
- Are you connected?
- Ping utility
- Loopback address
- IPConfig utility
- APIPA addresses (revisited)
- Ping Tests
- Troubleshooting exercises

## LAN Monitoring

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This module teaches you how to use a Network monitoring program to analyse traffic on the network in order to help troubleshoot even the trickiest problems.

- LAN Monitoring Tools
- Capturing Traffic
- Analysing Frames
- Filtering to assist in analysis

## **SNMP**

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The Simple Network Monitoring Protocol is a valuable protocol that enables Network Operation centres to keep an eye on valuable systems and services across a network. This module is an introduction to this important protocol

- SNMP Components
- Managers and Agents
- The Management Information Base – MIB
- The SNMP Name tree
- SNMP Get Request
- Other SNMP Commands
- [Configuring SNMP in Window 7 \(XP & Vista\)](#)
- Testing SNMP

## **Switches and VLANS**

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This module explains the fundamental operation of a LAN switch along with the important concepts of Virtual LANs (VLANs).

- Switch Functions
- LAN Switch Structure
- Address learning
- Filtering and Forwarding Frames
- Broadcast Frames
- Redundant Topologies
- Broadcast Storms and Loops
- Multiple Frame Copies
- MAC table instability
- The Spanning Tree Protocol
- How STP works
- VLANS
- 802.1Q/P Tagging
- Connecting VLANs
- Router Sub-interfaces
- [Per-VLAN Spanning tree](#)
- [Rapid Spanning Tree - 802.1w](#)
- Layer 3 Switches

## Routing

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Routers are used on the edge of networks to pass data onto a WAN and within Layer 3 LAN switches. This module describes how routers work along with a brief explanation of Routing protocols.

- What is Routing?
- Routers
- Port guides
- Static and Dynamic routes
- Default Routes
- Routing Decisions
- Distance Vector Routing Protocols
- RIP and Routing Table updates
- Interior Gateway Protocol – IGRP
- Other Routing Protocols
- Testing Routes with TraceRT (Trace Route)
- [Alternative Trace tools](#)
- [Internet traffic report](#)
- [Software Defined Networking \(SDN\), OpenFlow](#)

## Wireless Networks

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Wireless is one of the fastest moving areas in the world of networking. This module explains the basics of Wireless networking along with information on securing your wireless network.

- Wireless Networks
- Wireless Bridging
- Wi-Fi
- WiMAX
- VoWi-Fi
- Wireless Security
- Bluetooth
- [Cellular networks](#)
- [Cellular speeds from 2G to 4G](#)
- [Satellite networks](#)

## IP Applications (and Services)

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So many other services can be found on a network and some, if not all, will have an impact on how your voice will work. This module looks at services such as FTP, TFTP, Firewalls, NAT, Proxy Server, DNS and VPNS.

- IP Applications

- FTP – File Transfer Protocol
- [Setting up an FTP Server](#)
- [FTP Clients](#)
- Connecting to FTP
- Transferring files
- [‘More’ FTP Clients](#)
- TFTP - Trivial File Transfer Protocol
- Firewalls
- Network Address Translation
- [Network Address \(and Port\) Translation](#)
- Proxy Servers
- Telnet
- [DNS – The Domain Name System](#)
- [DNS Root Servers](#)
- DNS Discovery
- Virtualization

## **Voice over IP (VoIP)**

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This module introduces the different implementations of Voice over IP and describes the basics of codecs, signalling, the real time protocol (RTP), quality of service (QoS) and the basics of network design to reduce delay and jitter that can affect the quality of voice on a network.

- What is Voice over IP
- [VoIP in the OSI model](#)
- VoIP over the Internet
- Branch to Branch VoIP
- [Signaling paths](#)
- [Speech paths](#)
- IP PBX advantages
- Encoding
- Codec types
- RTP – The Real Time Protocol
- Bandwidth Requirements
- Delay, Jitter and Packet Loss
- Measuring Delay
- Jitter and Packet Loss
- VoIP acceptance criteria
- LAN guidelines for Voice quality
- Dedicated voice LAN
- Shared LAN for Voice and Data
- Utilizing VLANS and 802.1Q

- VLAN Tagging and Priority for QoS
- [VLAN QoS 'trace' example](#)
- Quality of Service for Wide Area Networks
- [QoS everywhere!](#)

## Hosted VoIP

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Hosted voice over IP is a new way of delivering top quality telephone solutions to customers at very low cost. This module is designed to be an introduction to hosted voice over IP and covers:

- [Hosted Telephony](#)
- [A 'traditional' Phone System](#)
- [A Hosted Solution](#)
- [Provisioning](#)
- [Quality considerations](#)
- [QoS considerations for hosted VoIP](#)

## Video over IP

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As well as Voice running over IP, Video is doing so as well. This module is designed to introduce the concepts of Video over IP as well as describing the codecs, Signaling and other elements that make this area of communications so engaging.

- [What is Video over IP?](#)
- [Video Transmission Types](#)
- [Unicast vs. Multicast](#)
- [Video Conferencing types](#)
- [Video Resolution and Pixels](#)
- [Codecs for Video and Voice](#)
- [H.264 Scalable Video Coding](#)
- [Multipoint Control Units](#)
- [Video Gateways](#)
- [Bandwidth Consumption](#)
- [Data vs. VVoIP Bandwidth](#)
- [Control your network](#)
- [Video device landscape](#)
- [Video in the Cloud](#)
- [New developments](#)
- [OVCC](#)

## IPv6

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The IPv4 address space is almost gone and IPv6 is the answer to this problem. As well as explaining what IPv6 is along with all its benefits, this module covers what IP addressing is all about along with configuring a PC for IPv6 connectivity and testing.

- [IPv4 to IPv6](#)
- [IPv6 Benefits](#)
- [The IPv6 Header](#)
- [IPv6 addressing](#)
- [Unicast, Multicast, Anycast](#)
- [Neighbor Discovery \(NDP\)](#)
- [ICMPv6 \(and Ping\)](#)
- [IPv6 address allocation and SLAAC](#)
- [Routers and IPv6](#)
- [DHCPv6](#)
- [DNSv6](#)
- [Transition technologies and Tunneling](#)
- [Configuring and testing IPv6 on a PC](#)
- [More testing commands](#)
- [The effects of IPv6 on Voice and Video over IP](#)
- [Resources and websites](#)

**Note:**

An access license for any of our training courses and certification tests is for 12 months from the date and time of purchase. Any certification test attempts must be taken before the end of the license period otherwise they will be lost.